

# Electrical Engineering 118 Spring 2001 Midterm 1 Solutions Professor Gustafson

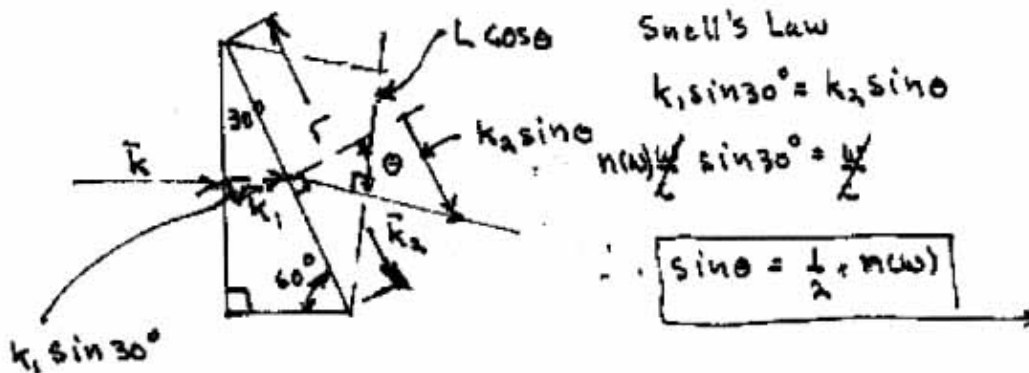
## Problem #1 (30 points)

5pts a)  $k = w/c = (2\pi f)/c$

5pts b)  $k_1 = (w/c)*n = 2\pi f/c * n$  with n evaluated at w

5pts c)  $k_2 = w/c$

5pts d)



5pts e)  $1/2 [n(w) + (dn/dw)(\Delta w)] = \sin(\theta + \Delta\theta) = \sin(\theta)\cos(\Delta\theta) + \cos(\theta)\sin(\Delta\theta) = \sin(\theta) + \cos(\theta)(\Delta\theta)$

Therefore,  $1/2 [dn/dw] (\Delta w) = \cos(\theta)(\Delta\theta)$  and  $(\Delta\theta)/(\Delta w) = 1/2 * dn/dw * 1/\cos(\theta) = 1/2 * (dn/dw) * [1 - 1/4 * n^2(w)]^{-1/2}$

5pts f) Resolution. Diffraction angle in the direction theta is approximately equal to  $\lambda/(L \cos(\theta))$ . To resolve two frequencies, must be separated by their diffraction angle.

$\Delta w = 2 * (\Delta\theta) / (dM/dw) * \cos(\theta) = (\lambda/L) * 2 / (dn/dw) * (4\pi c) / (w * dn/dw) * (1/L)$

5pts g)  $w * dn/dw = 0.007 * (625/50) = 0.0875$

Therefore,  $10^{11} = (2 * 3 * 10^{10}) / 0.0875 * (1/L)$  so  $L = 6.869$

## Problem #2 (30 points)

6pts a)  $I_{d1} = P_1 e^{-(aL)} n_e / (\hbar w)$ ,  $I_{d2} = P_2 e^{-(aL)} n_e / (\hbar w)$

6pts b)  $I_{d1} = (I1 - I_{th}) * n_i * dm / (a_i + a) * n * e^{-(aL)}$ ,  $I_{d2} = (I2 - I_{th}) * n_i * dm / (a_i + a) * n * e^{-(aL)}$

7pts c)  $i_{NT}^2 = 4kT/R * (\Delta f)$ ,  $K^2 = (I1 - I2)^2 / (4kT * (\Delta f) / R) * [(n_i * n * dm) / (a_i + a) * e^{-(aL)}]^2$

11pts d) Thermal noise  $i_{NT}^2 = 4kT/R * (\Delta f)$ , Shot noise =  $2 * e * n * P_2 * e^{-(aL)} * n * e / (\hbar w) * M^2 * F$ .

Equate these and solve for M.

**Problem #3 (10 points)**

Sampling rate =  $2 \cdot (\Delta f) = 100\text{E}6$  Hz. 10 bits/sample  $\implies$  Bit rate = 1GBit/sec.

$$\text{Bit Rate} = 2 \cdot (\Delta f) \cdot \ln_2(M)$$

$$1\text{E}9 = 1\text{E}8 \cdot \ln_2(M)$$

$$\ln_2(M) = 10 \implies M = 2^{10} = 1028$$

$$M = (1 + S/N)^{1/2} \implies S/N = 2^{20}$$

$$10 \cdot \log(S/N) = 20 \cdot \log(1028) = 60\text{dB}$$

Often change Eq(1) to base 10.

$$\text{Bit Rate} = 2 \cdot (\Delta f) \cdot [\log(1 + S/N)]^{1/2} \cdot \log 10 = 2 \cdot (\Delta f) \cdot [\log(1 + S/N)]^{1/2} \cdot 3.32 = 3.32/10 \cdot (\Delta f) \cdot 10 \cdot \log(1 + S/N)$$

**Back To Exam**

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